





# Nitrogen - Can an integrated approach be hosted under the CLRTAP?

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#### **Outline**

- Why Nitrogen:
  - The key issues
  - Creation of reactive N
  - The main effects
- The International Nitrogen Initiative
- CLRTAP and Nitrogen



#### Natural sources of reactive nitrogen



2-10-2006









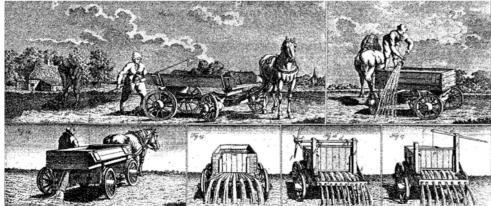




#### **Historical development**

Closed nutrient cycles





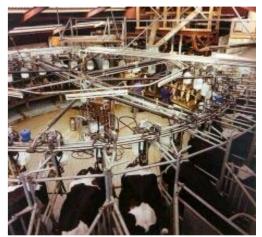
Manure = food

Fertilizer





Increased production



Intensive livestock breeding



#### All organisms depend on Nitrogen



Insufficient protein in the diet may prevent the body from producing adequate levels of peptide hormones and structural proteins to sustain normal bodily functions

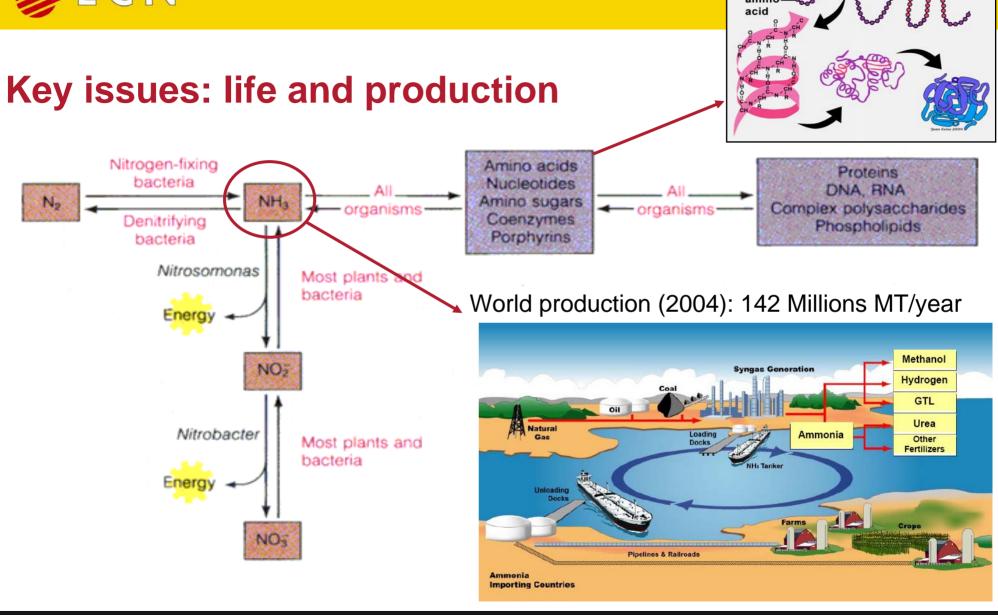
40% of the world population exist because of fertilizers.





.... too little ...... too much

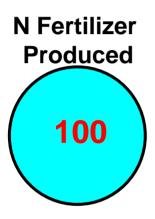




peptide

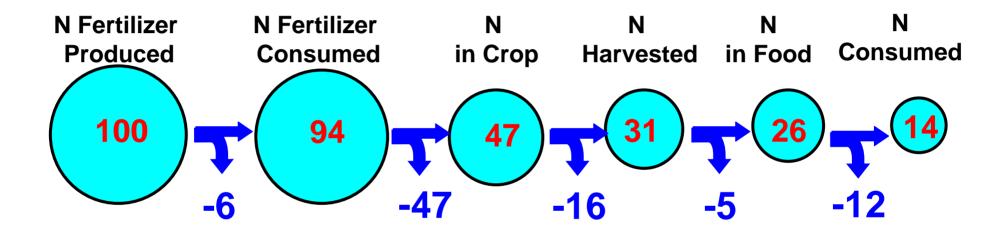


#### The fate of fertilizer Nitrogen





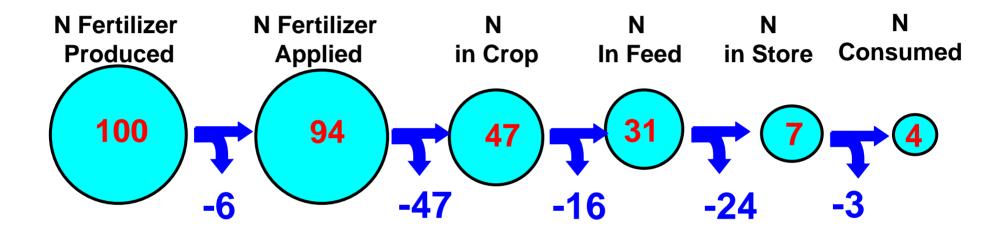
#### The fate of fertilizer Nitrogen



14% of the N produced in the Haber-Bosch process enters the human mouth......if you are a vegetarian.



#### The fate of fertilizer Nitrogen



4% of the N produced in the Haber-Bosch process and used for animal production enters the human mouth.



#### Key issues: we love energy





















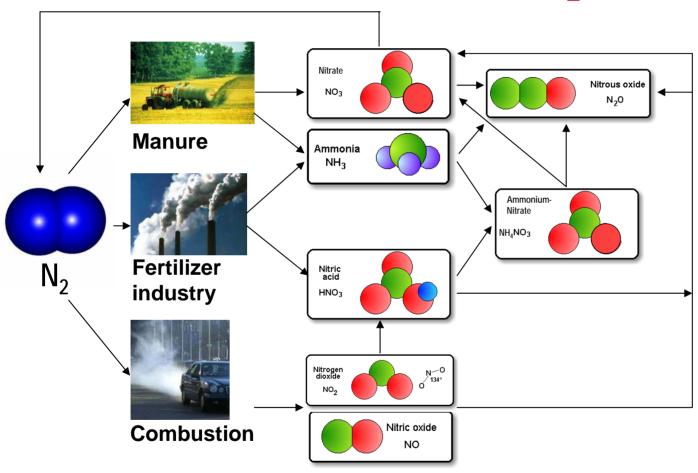
#### Fossil fuels and nitrogen

- NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from combustion
- Fertilizer production
- Globalisation through transport
- Increased production through increased manpower





#### Nitrogen pollution starts with N<sub>2</sub>











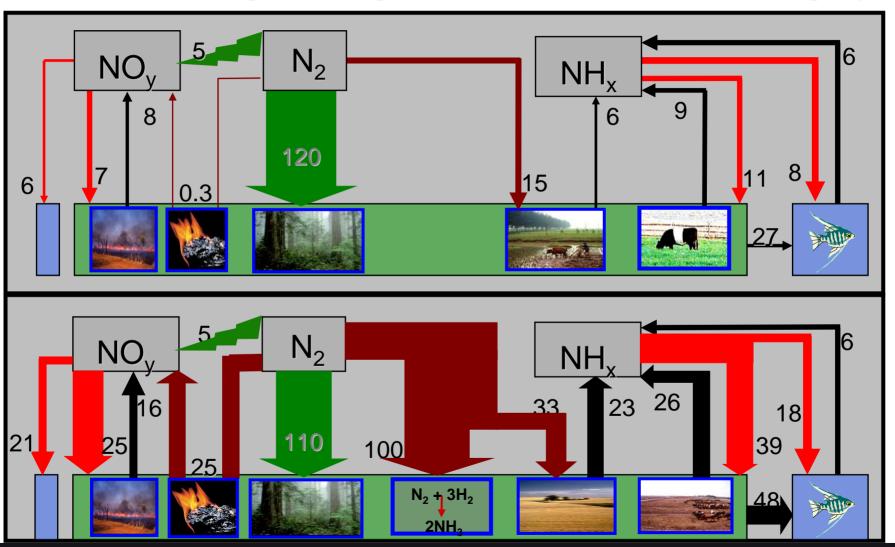
Materials and cultural heritage



Human and animal health Effects

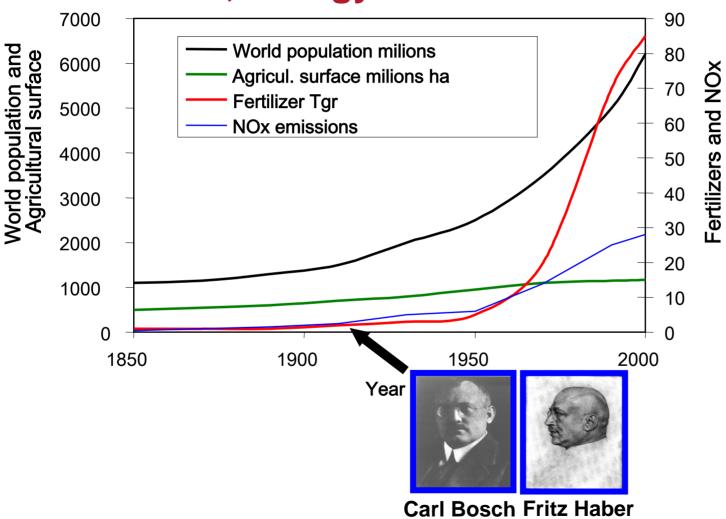
### #ECN

#### The Global Nitrogen Budget in 1860 and mid-1990s, TgN/yr





#### N = food; Energy = N















#### Effects of reactive nitrogen in the environment



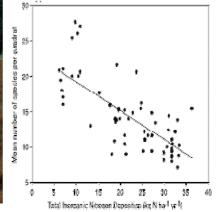
















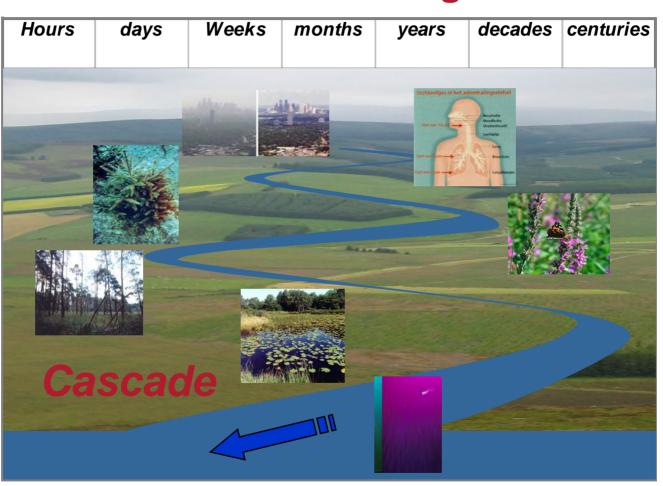
#### Cascade effect of reactive nitrogen

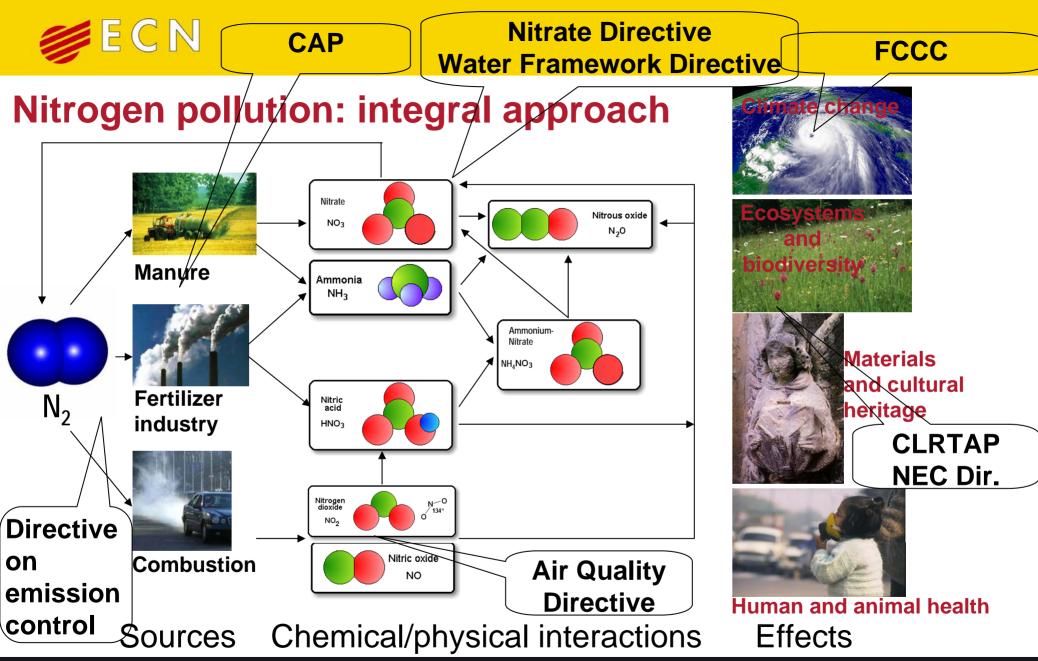






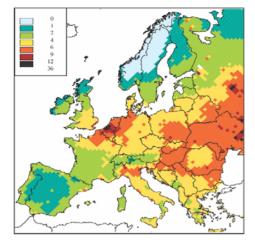




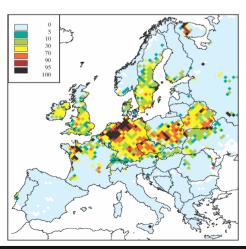




#### Remaining problem areas in 2020; Light blue=no risk

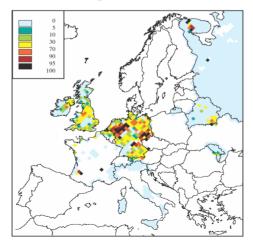


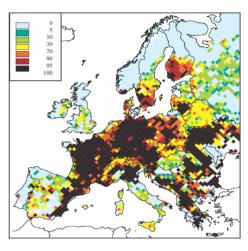
**Health - PM** 



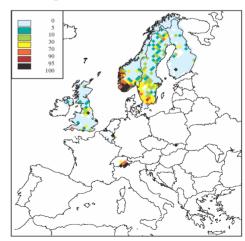
1 1000 2000 4000 5000 5000 7000

**Health+vegetation - ozone** 





Vegetation – N dep.



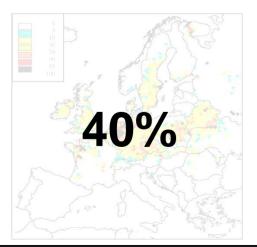
IIASA, Amann



Remaining problem areas in 2020; The role of N?

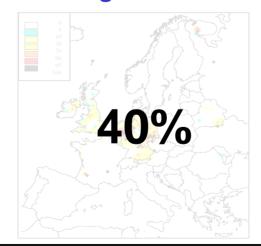


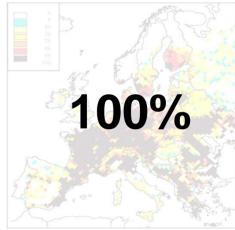
**Health - PM** 



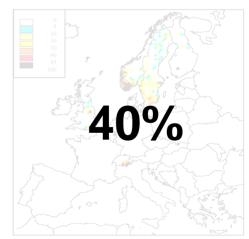
70%

**Health+vegetation - ozone** 





**Vegetation – N dep.** 





#### **International Nitrogen Initiative**



#### Optimize

the beneficial role of nitrogen in sustainable food production

#### **Minimize**

the negative effects of nitrogen on human health and the environment

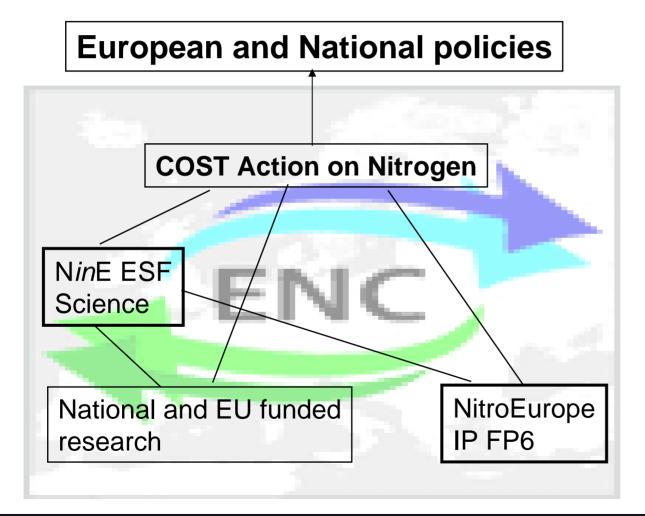








#### **European Nitrogen Centre**



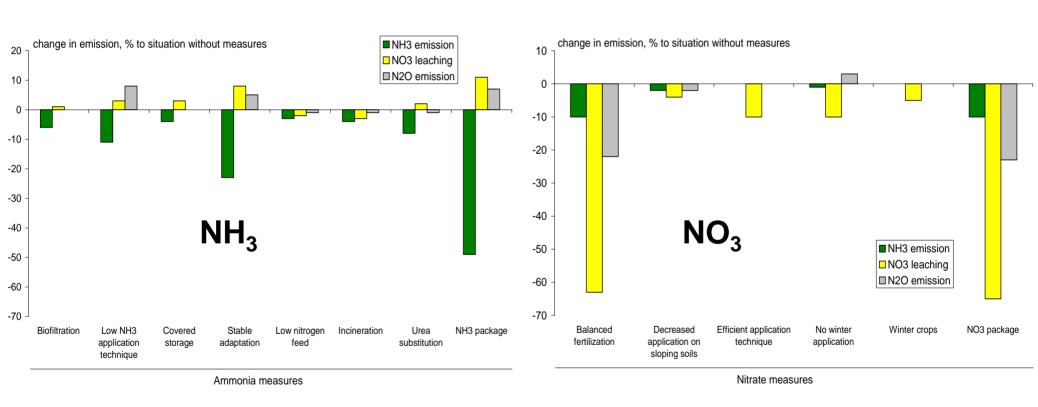
Integrated Assessment, Policy support

European Nitrogen
Assessment
Scientific coordination

Science Knowledge basis



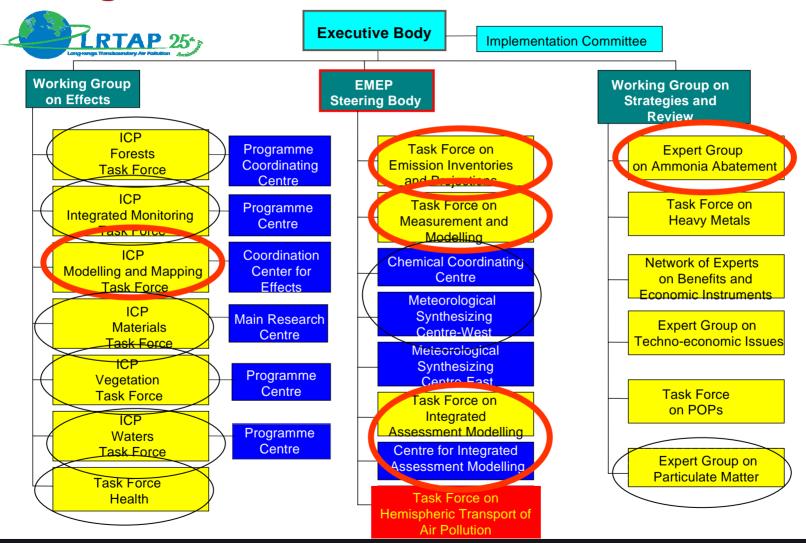
#### Effect of single measures: pollutant swapping?



Oennema et al., Contract No 070501/2005/422822/MAR/C1



#### Nitrogen and the Convention



2-10-2006



## Nitrogen - Can an integrated approach be hosted under the CLRTAP?

- Effects: revisions of the concepts (dynamic critical loads, mass balances, biodiversity).
- Improvements in emission data and the interrelationships between different forms of N
- Address scientific and political aspects of pollutant swapping
- Improvements in IAM and parameterisation of the source-receptor relationships
- Quantifications of links between regional air pollution and climate change and climate change policies



#### More information on nitrogen:



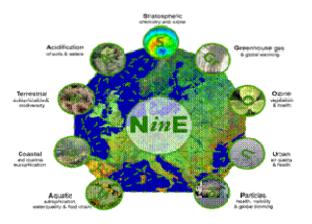
www.initrogen.org



www.nitrogencentre.org



www.cost729.org



www.nine-esf.org



http://www.nitroeurope.eu/